

The Unified Test List (UTL)

The National SNOMED CT Coded Reference Catalogue for Clinical Laboratory Test Requests and Results Reporting

Product Overview for UTL v1.0.0 (SNOMED CT UK Clinical Edition 32.5.0)

Product Status: Draft for Trial Use

Glossary of Terms

Term / Abbreviation	What it stands for
SNOMED CT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is the most comprehensive, multilingual clinical healthcare terminology in the world • Is a resource with comprehensive, scientifically validated clinical content • Enables consistent, processable representation of clinical content in electronic health records • Is mapped to other international standards • Is already used in more than fifty countries
PBCL	The Pathology Bounded Code List is a list of 'Read codes' and is the basis for transmitting many patient laboratory results to GP practices.
NLMC	A national catalogue of pathology tests designed to fully replace the PBCL and initially covering requestable tests only. It is commonly used as the foundation for that purpose. The original complementing result coding part of the NLMC has been taken up as the UTL, and UTL is now being extended to include requestable
FHIR	FHIR (Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources) is a standards framework created by HL7. It is a platform specification that, in this context, provides the technical message specification and structure in the healthcare information ecosystem to carry the SNOMED lab test result and all the associated data safely from one point to another

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1. Overview

1.1. Scope

This document describes the Unified Test List (UTL) which is a list of SNOMED coded laboratory test request and result terms published by NHS Digital.

This document assumes a basic familiarity with SNOMED CT at the level of distinguishing the hierarchies of procedures, findings and observable entities and the modelled requirements embodied in SNOMED representations but for further reading on the wider terminology you can refer initially to the UK [SNOMED CT website](#). There is also background documentation including a [SNOMED CT starter guide \(PDF\)](#) on the [SNOMED International web site](#).

1.2. Audience

The UTL is directed particularly at clinicians and scientists interested in validating and enhancing laboratory test content, whether directly engaged in laboratory medicine or otherwise, laboratory information managers, LIMS middleware and primary/secondary care suppliers/vendors, laboratory science quality organisations, commissioners and public health leads and those otherwise involved in current PBCL/NLMC deployment and oversight.

Nevertheless, the product will be of interest to a much wider constituency too broad to list here.

1.3. Information Standards Approval

Following approval of the DAPB4017 [Pathology Test and Results Information Standard](#) by the Data Alliance Partnership Board in August we are pleased to announce version 1.0.0 of the Unified Test List (UTL) has now been published as the SNOMED CT UK Pathology Extension as part of the SNOMED CT UK Clinical Edition 32.5.0.

UTL is now formally part of SNOMED CT UK with a status of 'Draft For Trial Use' as defined in the [IReS Terminology Product Development Lifecycle](#) (external PDF). Future Live and Beta releases of the UTL will reflect versioning aligned to the appropriate SNOMED CT UK Clinical Edition

1.4. Context

The UTL is a constrained set of SNOMED coded terms designed to operate either directly in an electronic patient record, in a FHIR message relating to that patient by carrying a test result or as a central reference list to support the interoperability of local code sets in clinical laboratories and their laboratory information systems (LIMS). The UTL is designed for use with the HL7 message specification FHIR (see Glossary).

The UTL is published by NHS Digital who also facilitate governance oversight at editorial level working closely with the UK Edition Committee for SNOMED CT. The UTL is designed to be the standard reference terminology product for all reporting of laboratory tests in the UK. For requests and result reporting, it is the successor to the PBCL and NLMC across the NHS estate.

PBCL: The PBCL is a restricted list of codes originally created in 1997 to support the Pathology Messaging Implementation Project (PMIP), an EDIFACT messaging service that now carries hundreds

of millions of reports per year from all NHS Labs to GPs in England and Wales. The list was published biannually until the final release in April 2018. By October 2015 it comprised a single table listing 3870 laboratory tests that are commonly used as reportable items in a primary care setting. The PBCL code list is also used extensively within 3rd party eRequesting middleware services (e.g., Sunquest ICE).

NLMC: The National Laboratory Medicine Catalogue (NLMC) is a national catalogue of pathology tests that initially focused on standardised content related to test requesting with the intention of building result content alongside. The catalogue had substantial clinical input and quality assurance of content. However, with the NHS focus on moving reporting on from the (Read coded) PBCL to a standardised SNOMED list, the scope for reporting codes within NLMC was not exploited and its subsequent significant uptake remained concentrated on the 'orderables' side of the lab model. The UTL takes on the reporting side of the model originally set out for NLMC. It rests on that development and editorial work.

Laboratory processes can be usefully characterised as consisting of 'orderables', 'performables' and 'reportables' i.e., requests for analysis, the activities done in the lab in response and the results of that activity to be transmitted back to the requester of the test. The SNOMED coding requirements are different in each of these, but much is codable by breaking it down in this way and applying SNOMED semantics. The aim is to create a results list that is usable by all sectors of the system including a migration from old 'Read code' based PBCL to SNOMED coding for Primary Care reporting. There is also potential for single results codes to be used in requests (as a blank 'tell me the answer to this question' format) and for 'lab-to-lab' communications when combined with a complementary list of battery/profile/panel types.

Content development has previously focused on blood sciences (i.e., principally chemical pathology/biochemistry and haematology) with additional developments in immunology and cell marker (CD) content. Expansion work for this release has included new microbiology and autoantibody content, and extensive quality improvements towards optimisation. Ongoing expansion aims to include content relating to cytology and cellular pathology reporting.

For those familiar with Read and SNOMED coding, the SNOMED terms will seem more specific than those in the PBCL or elsewhere, but this conforms to a well-defined SNOMED structure with the key objective of tightly defining and constraining what sort of result *value* can be appended to a result *code*, in what format it is allowed to appear and what *unit of measurement* (if any) it is permitted to have assigned. A major difficulty in the past has been the potential for variation in these constraints across many systems making results comparison difficult and causing the sharing of results outside very tightly defined pathways to be done only with great caution in case of loss or de-structuring of data and hence misinterpretation. Formal SNOMED terming does not in any way preclude or prevent intermediate or local representations of UTL terms.

It should be noted that the coded terms do not contain units of measurement or reference ranges. Please refer to the editorial principles for more detail (see Documentation section).

Alongside the UTL spreadsheet is a simplified model diagram of how SNOMED constructs a detailed machine-readable definition of the test result term so that this can be used to determine FHIR message profile constraints. (For review purposes, it may be useful to understand the basics of this.

1.5. READ Withdrawal and Transition to SNOMED CT

Information Standard Notices 1552 and 1553 confirm the schedule for deprecation (phasing out and retirement) of the already formally deprecated standards Read v2 and CTV3.

NHS Improvement have directed that: All systems purchased and deployed into the NHS going forward must meet the following standards for requesting, reporting and communicating diagnostic test results:

- 1) SNOMED CT
- 2) FHIR (Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources) message standard.

What this means is that as of April 2020 SNOMED coded laboratory result terms are now having to be used and that these must be understandable between organisations. National standards have now been approved (see next section) and the UTL is thus being developed on an incremental release basis to meet ongoing user requirements in conjunction with a corresponding FHIR message.

2. Background

Clinical laboratory reporting of results has been divided along hospital and primary care lines with direct reporting within hospitals, but not necessarily integrated with patient record systems, and EDIFACT messages with PBCL Read codes to GPs. GP systems are largely migrated to SNOMED coding, but lab reporting is still based on the old PBCL product. The expectations on primary care migration to SNOMED CT and the implications this had for the PBCL were shared with stakeholders including GP and laboratory system suppliers, Joint GP IT Committee, Primary Care Pathology National Advisory Group/ Primary Care Pathology National User Group. Options for the immediate future of the PBCL were considered and led to the conclusion that the optimal management of PBCL reporting items should be as 'observable entity' semantic types in SNOMED CT, not as 'procedure' codes as mapped for NLMC purposes.

NHS Digital revised the PBCL maps from Read to SNOMED in 2017/18 from NLMC mapped procedure codes to observable entities. There are equivalent code maps in SNOMED for almost all PBCL members, but the SNOMED codes perpetuate the inadequacies of the old Read codes in lacking specificity in defining units of measurement. In continuation of NLMC development work, NHSD undertook a review of the PBCL and NLMC and reviewed international laboratory result representations before taking the decision to encode the UTL as a SNOMED product and continuing the expansion and definition of the observable entity content in SNOMED.

3. Product Status and Expected Use

This product is published as 'Draft for Trial Use' status.

Users and reviewers of this product should note the following extract from the document 'The Lifecycle of IReS Terminology Products' available [here](#):

Release Status: An IReS Terminology product ('product') shall exist in one of the following statuses:

1. In Development

2. Technology Preview

3. Draft for Trial Use

4. 1.90

5. Product

6. Deprecated

7. Retired

4. UTL Release History

4.1. Earlier Releases

The first release of the UTL (version 0.13) was published in February 2019 and formally released in June 2019 in alignment with the main biannual 01/10/2019 SNOMED UK Edition. The list of 350 SNOMED coded terms was a proposed basis of the UTL, focused initially on 'blood sciences content (i.e. principally chemical pathology and haematology with a small sample of virology and immunology and other domains) that is eventually expected to contain perhaps 5000 codes or more. It was a starter set derived from a combination of some 'top 100' blood sciences tests and example specialist result requirements at a more granular level (e.g., PTH). The aim in getting both generalist and specialist dimensions covered was to provide a list for open consultation that can show how it would work in both contexts.

The second release (v0.2) continued in line with the first, significantly expanding the blood sciences content as a priority previously set out. Development of further content continued with most welcome contributions of local lists from Epsom & St Helier (SW London), York & Hull and from the Greater Manchester Partnership, along with a very valuable drill-down into Renal Dataset requirements from the Renal Association leads which led to development of the model for capturing specialist test methods and then higher method specificity requirements. Their support and commitment is gratefully acknowledged here.

The development of blood sciences content continued along with the addition of allergen specific IgE coding throughout versions v0.3.0 and 0.3.1 in October 2019.

- UTL 0.4.0 was a minor interim release with a modest increase in new content of over 130 rows including the following: CD counts, calculi (stones), acylcarnitines by blood spot, complement coagulation factors, and haemoglobin variants.
- UTL 0.5.0 included microbiology content to represent a sample of organism nucleic acid tests, and organism susceptibility tests.
- UTL 0.6.0 included initial batches of PBCL replacement and some outstanding blood science gaps from local lists including allergen components and autoantibodies.
- UTL 0.7.0 included the bulk of outstanding PBCL report codes in Chemical pathology, Endocrinology, Toxicology, Andrology, Haematology, Immunology, and Microbiology
- UTL 0.8.0 included further bulk updates to Chemical Pathology, Haematology and Microbiology reportables plus many Qualitative result type additions. Requests were also added with panels, high volume single test requests and screening. Covid-19 reportables and test requests also featured significantly in this release.

- UTL0.9.0 included updates to Microbiology antigenic and culture tests and general integrity updates ahead of the first live release. All Qualitative results, published as a separate list in v0.8.0 for review, were merged into the main reportables list.

4.2. UTL v1.0.0 (this release)

This release has a total of 4,220 active SNOMED CT concepts of which there are;

- 3866 Reportables
- 354 Requestables

The attribute columns in the Human Readable version, including substance, property and component etc. are included in the release files purely for information and user interpretation. This will ultimately be used to inform the classification of the SNOMED content using the observable entity concept model, where the attributes and corresponding values will be used to inform the SNOMED CT machine readable description logic definitions.

5. Description of Release Files

The UTL is now published in two locations and formats. A choice of formats facilitates exposure to UTL by all relevant stakeholders, whether they are needing a simple spreadsheet of terms, or a technical file specification for deployment in systems. This will be standardised as the product reaches Tech Preview and the Final product TRUD Pack. Therefore, this release comprises;

1. Human-readable files in HTML, and delimited file (TSV) equivalents are downloadable from the [Pathology & Diagnostics Information Standards Collaboration Space](#).
2. A machine-readable file in a [Release on TRUD](#). Note that a user account is required to access licensed content on TRUD.

5.1. TRUD Pack Contents

The production (Live) UTL is published in machine readable RF2 file format as part of the UK Edition of SNOMED CT. The UK Edition is published as [downloadable files on TRUD](#), and also available interactively via the NHS Digital [SNOMED CT Browser](#).

The key elements of the UK Edition relating to UTL are-

1. The *1326041000000103 | SNOMED CT United Kingdom pathology and laboratory medicine production content extension module* (informally UK PaLM Live module) contains the majority of SNOMED concepts referenced in the UTL.
2. The *1326041000000107 | SNOMED CT United Kingdom pathology and laboratory medicine draft content extension module* (informally UK PaLM Draft module) is intended for content at the Beta / pre-release stage suitable for testing. In this release this module is unpopulated. It is retained for future use.
3. The *44991000237108 | Unified Test List simple reference set* contains references to all items in the UTL.

Notes-

- The *999000041000000102 | SNOMED CT United Kingdom Edition module* (informally UK Edition module) contains some shared UK concepts referenced in the UTL and in other UK SNOMED products such as the *UK Drug Extension module*.

The Unified Test List (UTL)

- The UTL can (and does) reference concepts in any module in its defined dependency hierarchy. While the majority of UTL concepts are within the *UK PaLM Live Module*, users must load that module and all its dependencies in order to ensure access to all content referenceable by UTL.

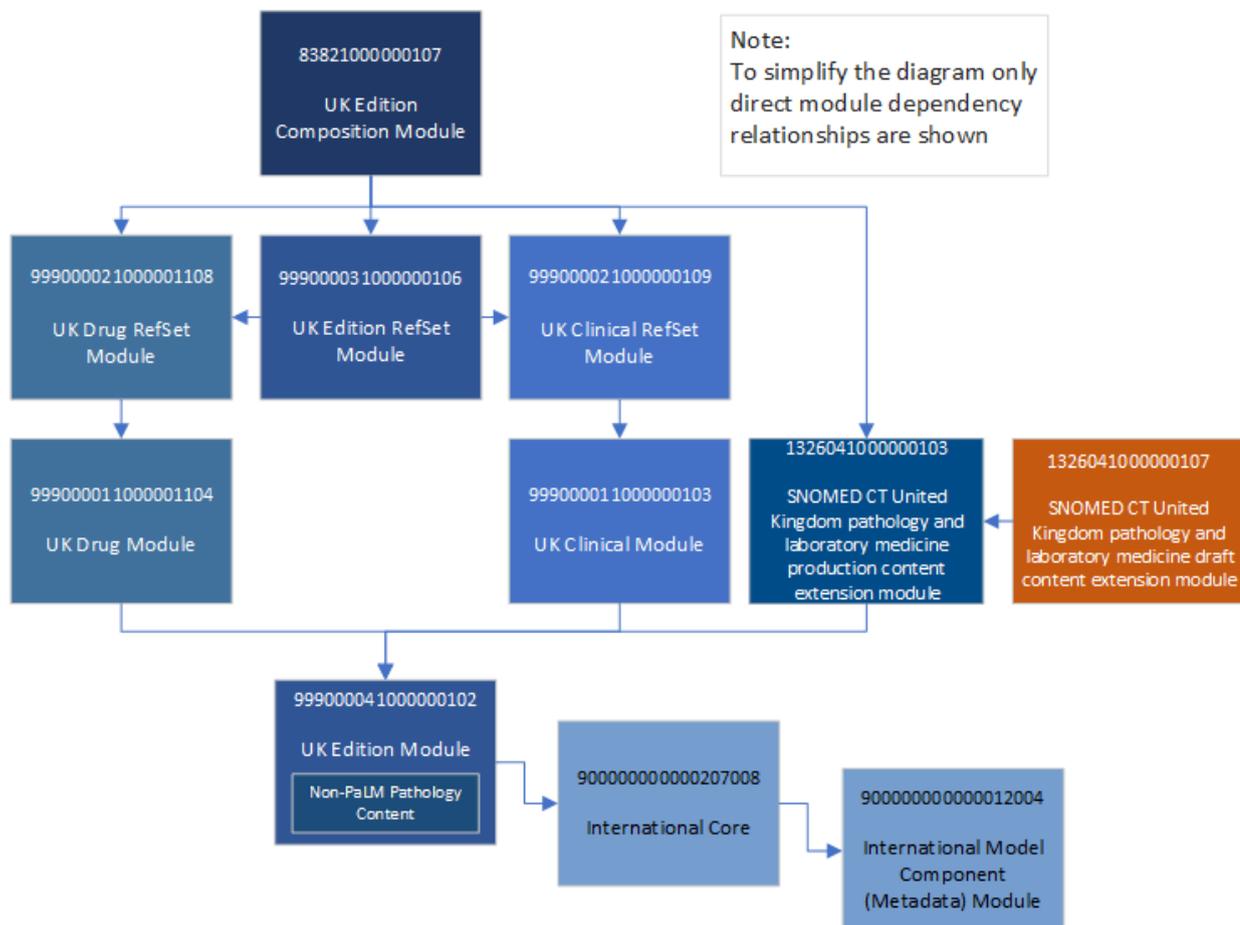
The *Unified Test List result observables simple reference set* (SCTID: 99900454100000101) was published for UTL releases v0.13 and later. This RefSet has been inactivated in this release.

Content that has not been approved for live production use is not accessible via the NHS Digital [SNOMED CT Browser](#).

During the development phase of UTL a separate UTL download in SNOMED RF2 format comprising only PaLM Beta review content was published in the [Pathology area on TRUD](#). The publication approach for UTL review content in future is under consideration and will be announced to users once confirmed

For more details of the SNOMED model as applied to this observable entity content in the UTL please refer to the editorial principles available as a PDF download on the [Delen pages](#) maintained by NHS Digital.

Figure 1.



Until content is fully modelled, all new UTL reportable concepts have as a supertype, the top-level international code 363787002 | *Observable entity (observable entity)*. UTL requestable concepts are based on the supertype 71388002 | *Procedure (procedure)*. At present, all content is therefore ‘primitive’; the only relationships to other concepts being to the supertype/parent.

The module structure of UK Pathology content allows UTL content to be integrated into the SNOMED CT UK Edition. It also allows pre-release (Beta test/review) content to be published in draft alongside the live UTL production content.

The UK Edition of SNOMED CT is complex in structure and the Pathology Team are actively seeking input from technical users and software developers on how to make future releases easier to load and use in software systems. Meeting sessions to discuss this and similar user requirements are publicised via the Pathology Informatics National User Group (PINUG) and our online [Pathology & Diagnostics Information Standards Collaboration Space](#). We also welcome direct contact via our group mailbox Pathologyanddiagnostics@nhs.net.

For more implementation information on how module dependencies affect the UTL and other pathology and laboratory medicine SNOMED artefacts in deploying SNOMED CT in systems, please contact us via.

- NHS Digital Kahootz collaboration site - [UTL discussion forum](#)
- NHS Digital Pathology mailbox - pathologyanddiagnostics@nhs.net

6. Documentation for SNOMED CT Releases

Documentation for the SNOMED CT UK Edition can be found on TRUD within the downloadable release packs. It can also be found [here](#).

Documentation for the SNOMED CT International Release is available at:

<https://confluence.ihtsdotools.org/display/DOC/SNOMED+CT+Document+Library>

This page tabulates the live links to the latest SNOMED CT international release documentation, including formal specifications of SNOMED CT and guidance on use and implementation.

7. Feedback and Comments

NHS Digital wishes to receive feedback from clinicians interested in validating and enhancing content, laboratory information managers, LIMS middleware and primary/secondary care suppliers/vendors and those otherwise involved in PBCL/NLMC deployment and oversight.

Feedback, comments and questions on file format, actual content construction and coverage and also on the content model are all most welcome and we will happily work with you on improving specific aspects of the product.

We have established discussion areas on the [Pathology and Diagnostics collaboration space](#) to collect general feedback and questions on the UTL release as a whole.

Note: This collaboration area requires users to register for an account with us. To request an account, or to send feedback without registering you can also contact us via email at: pathologyanddiagnostics@nhs.net.

7.1. Item-level Feedback

We are trialling a mechanism to allow users to easily send feedback or questions to us on a specific UTL concept, via a link on each item in the downloadable HTML-format review copy of the UTL. Please download the review file from the [Pathology and Diagnostics collaboration space](#) and use the “feedback link” displayed against each line item in the HTML documents within the review package zip file.

If you need assistance in locating, accessing or reviewing files or if you need more help accessing

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